### Relationship Between Interior Problems and Exterior Problems- City of San Francisco, CA

Based on the American Housing Survey - 1998 San Francisco, CA MSA Data for Occupied Housing										1		
Exterior Problem	Homes (000s)	Likelihood of Finding an Interior Problem if an Exterior Problem is Reported Compared to the Likelihood of Finding an Interior Problem if an Exterior Problem is Not Reported <sup>*</sup>										
		Leaks		Rodents		Heating		Structural				
		From Interior	From Exterior	Rats	Mice	Heating Problem	Fire/CO Danger	Cracks in Walls	Holes in Floors	Paint/ plaster	Resident Dissatisfied	
Sagging roof	10.0	1.9	2.7	3.9	2.9	2.5	2.2	4.2	8.4	5.6	5.3	
Missing roofing material	14.7		1.7		2.0	2.4		2.8	5.1	2.5	4.1	
Hole in roof	11.6	2.0	3.4		2.0	2.1		4.1	6.1	4.3	7.3	
Sloping outside walls	9.4	2.7	2.2	3.6	3.2	2.8		3.7	10.7	3.4	3.1	
Missing bricks, siding, other outside wall material	9.7	3.0	1.6	4.3	2.5	2.7		4.8	8.9	4.2	4.3	
Broken windows	13.6	3.0	2.1	4.1	3.6	2.8	3.0	4.5	10.6	4.6	10.4	
Boarded up windows	7.3		1.8		5.1		4.4	5.6	9.6	5.2	10.2	
Foundation crumbling or has open crack or hole	9.7	3.1	1.9	4.7	3.0	3.1	2.5	5.1	14.5	4.3	10.3	
One or more ext. problem	48.8	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.7		3.9	4.1	3.8	4.3	
Two or more ext. problem	18.1	2.5	2.7	4.0	3.0	2.9		5.0	9.5	4.7	8.3	
Three or more ext. problem	6.7	2.6	2.4	4.0	2.8	3.1		5.3	12.2	4.4	8.7	
Four or more ext. problem	4.0	3.2	2.4	5.1	4.1	3.2	4.1	6.1	17.8	6.3	12.6	
Five or more ext. problem	3.4	3.7	2.2	5.8	4.0	2.9	3.5	5.9	20.5	6.5	11.4	
Six or more ext. problem	2.6	3.6		8.7	5.5		4.6	7.1	27.3	5.7	15.1	
Seven or more ext. problem	1.6	3.0		8.2	6.9		5.0	8.2	34.9	7.9	13.7	
Eight or more ext. problem	0.9	3.6		20.2	10.0			10.2	48.1	10.9	16.1	

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\* A home is L times as likely to have a specific interior problem (column heading) if the exterior problem is reported (row heading) than if the exterior problem is not reported. For example, a home is 1.9 times as likely to have a leak from the interior if it has a sagging roof than if it does not have a sagging roof.

# **Relationship Between Interior Problems and Exterior Problems**

does not track cockroaches, radon, lead-based paint, and carbon monoxide levels threats and set priorities for assessments of the interior. The table is based on the American communities can more effectively and efficiently identify homes with serious health and safety healthier by giving them a better understanding of the direct relationship between exterior Housing Survey (AHS). The AHS tracks some but not all items related to health. For example, it floor, and water damage that can impact resident health and safety. With this understanding, problems such as a sloping outside wall and interior problems such as rats, large holes in the The National Center for Healthy Housing developed the table to help communities make homes

### **Background on American Housing Survey**

after year to gather data; therefore, this survey is ideal for analyzing the flow of households area sample covers 4,100 or more housing units. The AHS returns to the same housing units year every six years. The national sample covers an average 55,000 housing units. Each metropolitan data for each of 47 selected Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) are collected currently about size of housing unit, and recent movers. National data are collected in odd numbered years, and characteristics, income, housing and neighborhood quality, housing costs, equipment and fuels, apartments, single-family homes, mobile homes, and vacant housing units. It describes household through housing. For more information, go to www.census.gov/hhes/www/housing/ahs/ahs.html Development (HUD) to describe the condition of the Nation's housing. The AHS includes The AHS is conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Department of Housing and Urban

### **Key Definitions Related to Healthy Homes**

flowed or pipes leaked). with water leakage are classified by whether the water leaked in from outside the building (roof, the interview or while the household was living in the unit if less than 12 months. Housing units basement, walls, closed windows, or doors) or inside of the building (fixtures backed up or over-• Leaks - Interior or Exterior: Resident reported leakage that occurred in the 12 months prior to

mice or rats inside the house or building during the 3 months prior to interview or while the holes in the wall, or ripped, or torn food containers. household was living in the unit if less than 3 months. Signs of mice or rats include droppings, Rodents - Rats or Mice: Resident reported mice or rats if they saw mice or rats or signs of

hours or more during the winter prior to the interview for any reason. Heating – Heating Problems: Resident reported that the home was uncomfortably cold for 24

connect to flue, vent, or chimney or a stove or oven for heat), portable electric heater, stove, heater without flue (i.e., any room heater that burns kerosene, gas, or oil, and that does not Heating – Fire / CO Danger: Resident reported using as primary heating source either room

or ceilings but are not large enough to insert the edge of a dime, are not counted. Very small holes next room or to the exterior of the housing unit. Hairline cracks or cracks that appear in the walls ceilings of the housing unit. Included are cracks or holes that do not go all the way through to the cooking stove, fireplace without insert or no heat. • Structural - Cracks in Walls: The resident reported open cracks or holes in the interior wall or

holes may or may not go all the way through to a lower floor or to the exterior of the unit. The • Structural - Holes in Floors: The resident reported holes in the interior floors of the unit. The caused by nails or other similar objects are also not counted.

• Structural - Paint / Plaster: The resident reported peeling paint or broken plaster. The area of holes are only counted if large enough for someone to trip in. peeling paint or broken plaster must be on the inside walls or ceilings and at least one area of

broken plaster or peeling paint must be larger than 8 inches by 11 inches.

the best and 1 is the worst. Resident is dissatisfied if the structure is rated 1, 2 or 3 • Resident Dissatisfied: The resident rated structure based on a scale from 1 to 10, where 10 is

### Relationship Between Interior Problems and Exterior Problems - San Francisco, CA MSA

		Percent Increased Likelihood of Finding an Interior Problem if an Exterior Problem is Present <sup>84</sup>									
Exterior Problem	Homes (000s)	Leaks		Rodents		Heating		Structural			Resident
		Interior	Exterior	Rats	Mice	Heating Problem	Fire/CO Danger	Cracks in Walls	Holes in Floors	Paint/ plaster	Dis- satisfied
Sagging roof	19.2	90	150	260	220	140	190	380	550	510	360
Missing roofing material	33.7		90	160		100		190	340	200	330
Hole in roof	21.0	80	280	230	110	100		380	440	400	640
Sloping outside walls	15.7	120	120	150	200	160	160	320	940	270	440
Missing bricks, siding, other outside wall material	18.9	140	100	280	180	140		370	650	370	250
Broken windows	25.2	120	90	190	230	130	340	330	870	410	690
Boarded up windows	10.9		70		310	80	360	450	840	430	980
Foundation crumbling or has open crack or hole	18.8	120	110	220	200	120	210	450	920	310	640
One or more ext. problem	98.4	80	120	170	120	100	130	290	310	310	310
Two or more ext. problem	35.0	130	180	280	190	160	150	460	840	400	540
Three or more ext. problem	12.5	100	200	280	240	210	170	520	930	420	860
Four or more ext. problem	7.1	160	220	500	330	270	370	710	1,360	660	1,150
Five or more ext. problem	4.7	160	180		330	210	380	710	2,310	740	1,330
Six or more ext. problem	2.8	230		540	530		490	740	3,100	680	1,890
Seven or more ext. problem	1.8			470	670		530	830	4,120	940	1,610
Eight or more ext. problem	1.1			1,030	930			990	5,290	1,220	1,770

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> Increased Likelihood (L) = A home is L% more likely to have a specific interior problem (column heading) if the exterior problem is present (row heading) than if the exterior problem is not present. For example, a home is 150% more likely to have an interior leak if it has sloping outside walls than if the walls are not sloping.

### Overview

ideal for analyzing the flow of households through housing. For more information, go to units. The AHS returns to the same housing units year after year to gather data; therefore, this survey is covers an average 55,000 housing units. Each metropolitan area sample covers 4,100 or more housing Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) are collected currently about every six years. The national sample recent movers. National data are collected in odd numbered years, and data for each of 47 selected income, housing and neighborhood quality, housing costs, equipment and fuels, size of housing unit, and apartments, single-family homes, mobile homes, vacant housing units, household characteristics, Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to describe the condition of the Nation's housing, including The American Housing Survey (AHS) is conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Department of www.census.gov/hhes/www/housing/ahs/ahs.html.

## **Key Definitions Related to Healthy Homes**

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