H S U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 2018 Healthy Housing Fact Sheet | Critical Programs and Services

Healthy Homes at HHS.

Forty percent of U.S. homes have at least one significant health or safety hazard that places American families at unnecessary risk for injuries and illness like lead poisoning, asthma, carbon monoxide exposure, fire, and lung cancer; fortunately, evidence-based and cost-effective solutions exist.

Healthy homes programs at HHS work to educate people about ways to make homes healthy and combat the hazards posed by unhealthy housing. The programs highlighted below, which cover topics including maternal and child healthcare, home visiting services, and home energy needs, illustrate the intersection of health and housing issues. HHS' work also supports and complements other programs and departments across the federal government (e.g., CDC, EPA, HUD). For more information on why support for all federal healthy homes programming is critical, including within HHS at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, please see NCHH's other agency fact sheets.

TITLE V

Title V
Maternal and
Child Health
Services Block
Grant Program

LIHEAP

Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program

HOME VISITING

Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program

CHIP

Children's Health Insurance Program 1

Provides funds to states for pre- and postnatal care, health assessments, and preventive child health services, such as immunizations care, targeted at low-income and at-risk communities.

Provides assistance to lowincome households with energy needs, such as heating in winter and home repair.

Provides home visits to lowincome expectant parents and families of young children to set goals and measure outcomes in health, development, education, and other areas.

Provides health insurance coverage to low-income children.

\$

Funded at around **\$640 million** over the past several years.

State/local recipients provide \$3 in matching funds for every \$4 in federal funds.

Funded at **between \$3.3 and \$4.5 billion** over the past several years.

In FY17, **\$372.4** million was appropriated for this program, supporting grants in all 50 states, territories, and tribal organizations.

Through the Health Services Initiative, states can use up to 10% of expenditures for non-traditional services, including lead prevention and

lead prevention and abatement in paint, water, and soil.

\$

In 2016, states **reached almost 54 million pregnant women, infants, children, and others** through the Title V Block Grant.

In 2015, **45** states provided an estimated \$336 million for weatherization and energy-related home repair.

In FY16, programs in 50 states, DC, and five territories served approximately 160,000 families. Over 3.3 million home visits have been provided over the past five years.

19 states are using CHIP funds for nontraditional services (2017). Michigan and Maryland both have HSI programs using CHIP funds for lead abatement in homes.

National Center for **HEALTHY HOUSING**

For references, other federal agency fact sheets, additional healthy homes information, and to learn how you can engage your members of Congress on these vital issues...

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