

FY 2020 Interior Appropriations

Environmental Protection Agency – Environmental Programs and Management

Program Area: Toxics Risk Review and Prevention

Program Area: Indoor Air and Radiation Program Area: Information Exchange/Outreach

	Appropriation								Final	NSHH Coalition
	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20
Lead Risk Reduction Program	\$14.329	\$13.798	\$13.829	\$13.745	\$13.719	\$13.275	\$13.275	\$13.275*	\$13.275*	\$16
Indoor Air: Radon Program	\$5.866	\$3.861	\$3.875	\$2.366	\$3.055	\$2.91	\$2.91	\$2.91*	\$2.91*	\$4
Reduce Risk from Indoor Air	\$20.759	\$17.135	\$17.288	\$14.508	\$13.552	\$13.733	\$13.733	\$13.733*	\$13.733*	\$15
Children and Other Sensitive Populations	\$7.1	\$7.481	\$7.533	\$6.548	\$6.548	\$6.548	\$6.548	\$6.548	\$6.548	\$8

Dollars in millions.*Estimated amounts.

Justifications

Lead Risk Reduction Program – As CDC continues to lower its reference level for lead, communities will be looking at more children to protect, and it will require more resources to address the needs of children who have been exposed to lead.

Indoor Air: Radon Program – Awareness of radon as a public health issue has increased, so the demand for radon mitigation services is also expected to increase.

Reduce Risk from Indoor Air – Poor indoor air quality remains an issue in the U.S. With outdoor air quality worsening in many parts of the country, it is imperative that we devote more resources to address and improve indoor air quality.

Children and Other Sensitive Populations – The incidence of asthma and a number of other chronic diseases is increasing nationwide. Therefore, more resources are needed to address the needs of these sensitive populations.