Unhealthy conditions found in hazardous housing can lead to lead poisoning, asthma, respiratory illness, cancer, and unintentional injuries, resulting in missed school days and poor school performance for children, as well as missed work days for parents. To protect the health of New Hampshire's families and prevent continued increases in associated healthcare costs and societal consequences, full federal funding is needed for critical programs and services:

**CDC’s Healthy Homes and Lead Poisoning Prevention Program**  YES
**CDC’s National Asthma Control Program**  YES
**CDC’s Environmental Health Tracking Network**  YES
**HUD’s Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes**  YES
**HUD’s Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)**  YES
**HUD’s HOME Investment Partnerships Program**  YES
**EPA’s Lead Categorical Grants**  YES
**EPA’s Radon Categorical Grants**  YES
**EPA’s Drinking Water Revolving Fund**  YES
**HHS’ Maternal and Child Health Block Grants**  YES
**HHS’ Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)**  YES
**DOE’s Weatherization Assistance Program**  YES

Full funding to federal programs such as these will help to address many of the risks and burdens facing the families and residents of New Hampshire, including:

- In New Hampshire, **25% of children live in households with a high housing cost burden**, and 8% of children live in poverty.
- In New Hampshire, **55% of housing was built before 1978** and is likely to contain lead-based paint; 20% was built before 1940.
- In 2016, **898 New Hampshire children tested had an elevated blood lead level (5 μg/dL or more); 101 of them had blood lead levels of 10 μg/dL or more.**
- An estimated **33% of school-age children in New Hampshire have had elevated blood lead levels** at some point in their lives; 30% of new refugee children tested had elevated levels compared to 4.6% statewide.
- Approximately **10% of adults and 7% of children have current asthma** in New Hampshire (2015).
- In 2015, **asthma was responsible for over 4,200 emergency department visits** in New Hampshire.
- **Unintentional falls** were responsible for **210 deaths among New Hamshirites over the age of 65** in 2016; **28% of adults in this age group have fallen at least once** (2014).
- **30% of homes tested** in New Hampshire have test results **above the EPA action level for radon** in their indoor air.

September 2018. For references, additional state-specific healthy homes information, and to learn how you can engage your members of Congress on these vital issues...

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