

U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS 2022 Healthy Housing Fact Sheet

Hazardous conditions found in unsafe housing can lead to lead poisoning, asthma and other respiratory illnesses, cancer, and unintentional injuries or death, resulting in poor school attendance and performance for children, missed workdays for parents, and the loss of loved ones for all. These hazards and their health impacts disproportionately affect communities of color and low-income communities, making the need for healthy housing a significant environmental and racial justice issue. The COVID-19 pandemic has revealed, urgently, our need for safer, healthier, and affordable housing: The increased time spent at home and challenges to healthy housing service delivery have not only affected health negatively but also displayed—in sharp contrast—the longstanding crisis of inequitable access to quality housing and healthcare. In addition, climate change and the associated increase in both incidence and severity of extreme weather events are expanding the scope of policies contributing to healthy housing.



Approximately 48% of Virgin Island renters spend over 30% of their income on rent (2010).



Approximately 48% of housing units in the Virgin Islands were built before 1978 and may contain lead-based paint (2020).



About **6% of housing in the Virgin Islands lacks** complete plumbing facilities, and approximately 9% lacks complete kitchen facilities (2020).



The Virgin Islands have **no mandatory testing for** blood-lead levels in place and don't collect data on lead-based paint in private residences.



5,011 people from the Virgin Islands have asthma, approximately 5% of the population.



Hurricanes Irma and Maria damaged 52% of all housing in the Virgin Islands. More than 50% of Virgin Islands residents reported the presence of mold in their homes following the hurricanes.



Approximately 11 people in the Virgin Islands are poisoned by carbon monoxide annually.



Almost 8% of adults over 50 in the Virgin Islands were injured from a fall within the last year (2016).

CRITICAL FEDERAL FUNDING FOR HEALTHY HOUSING

A broad array of programs across the federal government support healthy housing activities and related efforts including increasing affordable housing, improving health outcomes, providing supportive services to families, improving energy efficiency, and identifying and addressing environmental hazards. Critical programs and services supporting crucial health and housing services in states and localities are outlined below; increasing appropriations allows new states to access funding and currently funded states to expand their programs.

Has VI received funding since 2020?

CDC's:

- **X Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program**
- **X National Asthma Control Program**
- **x** Environmental Health Tracking Network

HUD's:

X Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes

EPA's:

- **X** Lead Categorical Grants
- **X State Indoor Radon Grants**
- **X Environmental Justice Grants**

DOE's:

✓ Weatherization Assistance Program

For more information on these programs and their impacts, as well as many others available to support healthy housing efforts, refer to NCHH's Agency Fact Sheets.

December 2022. For references, additional state-specific healthy homes information, and to learn how you can engage your members of Congress on these vital issues...

visit: http://bit.ly/StatePro contact: sgoodwin@nchh.org

