WYOMING

2019 Healthy Housing Fact Sheet

Unhealthy conditions found in hazardous housing can lead to lead poisoning, asthma, respiratory illness, cancer, and unintentional injuries, resulting in missed school days and poor school performance for children, as well as missed work days for parents. To protect the health of Wyoming's families and prevent continued increases in associated healthcare costs and societal consequences, full federal funding is needed for critical programs and services:

WY received funding

	Since 2017?	
CDC's Healthy Homes and Lead Poisoning Prevention Program	NO	
CDC's National Asthma Control Program	NO	
CDC's Environmental Health Tracking Network	NO	
HUD's Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes	NO	
HUD's Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	YES	
HUD's HOME Investment Partnerships Program	YES	
EPA's Lead Categorical Grants	NO	
EPA's State Indoor Radon Grants	YES	
EPA's Drinking Water Revolving Fund	YES	
HHS' Maternal and Child Health Block Grants	YES	
HHS' Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	YES	
DOE's Weatherization Assistance Program	YES	

Full funding to federal programs such as these will help to address many of the risks and burdens facing the families and residents of Wyoming, including:



In Wyoming, **22% of children live in households with a high housing cost burden**, and 13% of children live in poverty.



In 2012, only 2,184 childhood blood lead tests were reported to the Wyoming Department of Health; 1.5% of these were elevated.



53% of Wyoming housing was built before 1978 and is likely to contain lead-based paint; 11% was built before 1940.



On average, 4 Wyomingites die annually from carbon monoxide exposure (2012-2016).



Approximately **9% of adults** (2017) and **7% of children** (2012) **have current asthma** in Wyoming.



In 2017, **unintentional falls were responsible for 67 deaths** among Wyomingites over the age of 65.



Wyoming has **no state statutes regarding carbon monoxide detectors** or **radon**.



21 of Wyoming's 23 counties have predicted average indoor radon levels above the EPA action level.



October 2019. For **references**, additional **state-specific** healthy homes information, and to learn how you can **engage your members of Congress** on these vital issues...